Copper Beech

Fagus sylvatica 'Cuprea'



Copper Beech
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Height: 60 feet

Spread: 45 feet

Sunlight: ○

Hardiness Zone: 5a

Other Names: Common Beech, European Beech

Description:

A magnificent enormous accent tree with lustrous bronze-purple foliage all season long, a most stately specimen; quite particular about growing conditions, requires rich soil and significant moisture, give it lots of room to spread

Ornamental Features

Copper Beech is primarily valued in the landscape for its decidedly oval form. It has attractive coppery-bronze deciduous foliage which emerges deep purple in spring. The serrated pointy leaves are highly ornamental and turn an outstanding harvest gold in the fall. The smooth silver bark is extremely showy and adds significant winter interest.

Landscape Attributes

Copper Beech is a dense deciduous tree with a shapely oval form. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Copper Beech is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Shade

Planting & Growing

Copper Beech will grow to be about 60 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 45 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 4 feet from the ground, and should not be planted underneath power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live to a ripe old age of 120 years or more; think of this as a heritage tree for future generations!

This tree should only be grown in full sunlight. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.