Goldie's Wood Fern

Dryopteris goldiana

Height: 4 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight: ◐ ●

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Wood Fern

Description:

Graceful, arching fronds and a vigorous grower; this is the largest of the Dryopteris species; attractive shaggy brown fiddeheads unfurl in spring; keep evenly moist; provides habitat and shelter for birds and bees; some drought tolerance

Ornamental Features

Goldie's Wood Fern is primarily valued in the landscape or garden for its cascading habit of growth. Its ferny compound leaves remain forest green in color throughout the year.

Landscape Attributes

Goldie's Wood Fern is an herbaceous evergreen perennial with a shapely form and gracefully arching foliage. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Goldie's Wood Fern is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens



Goldie's Wood Fern
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Goldie's Wood Fern in spring
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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Planting & Growing

Goldie's Wood Fern will grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 15 years. As an evegreen perennial, this plant will typically keep its form and foliage year-round. As this plant tends to go dormant in summer, it is best interplanted with late-season bloomers to hide the dying foliage.

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is particular about its soil conditions, with a strong preference for rich, acidic soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone over the growing season to conserve soil moisture. This species is native to parts of North America, and parts of it are known to be toxic to humans and animals, so care should be exercised in planting it around children and pets. It can be propagated by division.